

MAINTENANCE MATTERS

The expected lifespan for most Post-Construction Treatment Control BMPs is 25 years or more with proper maintenance.

Routine inspections and maintenance are necessary to retain long-term functionality and compliance with the Water Quality Rules.

Learn how to maintain your Post-Construction Permanent BMPs Watch the Training Video: <u>https://bit.ly/MaintainYourBMP</u> Take the Interactive Course: <u>https://bit.ly/BMPMaintenanceCourse</u>

BE AN EVERYDAY CLEAN WATER



FOR MORE INFORMATION:

Storm Water Quality Online Learning Center for Construction & Post-Construction http://www.honolulu.gov/dfmswq/learningctr.html

Storm Water BMP Guide for New and Redevelopment <u>http://bit.ly/SWBMPGuide</u>

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE FOR POST-CONSTRUCTION TREATMENT CONTROL BMPs



Infiltration Trenches • Infiltration Basins Grass Filter Strips • Vegetated Swales Sand Filters • Tree Planters • Planter Boxes Bioretention Basins • Rain Gardens Manufactured Treatment Devices



CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU DEPARTMENT OF FACILITY MAINTENANCE

Bioretention Basin

Vegetated Swale

RECORD KEEPING

Keep a log of all routine O&M inspections and maintenance actions.

Records must be kept on site for a minimum of 5 years and be made available to the City immediately upon request.

Inadequately inspected and maintained BMPs may be subject to penalties.

Records can be used to request a reduced inspection and maintenance schedule from the Department of Facility Maintenance Storm Water Quality Division.

WASTE HANDLING

Trash, filter media, and fine sediments are considered non-hazardous wastes and can be disposed of in the landfill.

Wastes may require special handling and disposal methods if they:

- 1. Originate from areas where chemicals or hazardous materials come in contact with storm water; or
- 2. Contain oil and grease, an oily sheen, odor, or other signs of contamination.

Questions about proper disposal?

CONTACT: City Department of Environmental Services, Solid Waste Division (808) 768-3201 householdhazardouswa@honolulu.gov

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

Treatment Control BMPs must be inspected a minimum of 4 times per year (once per quarter) and maintenance must be performed at least once a year. (Rules Relating to Water Quality §20-3-53)

Certain Treatment Control BMPs may require more frequent inspections and maintenance depending on the amount and quality of runoff they receive. Follow the inspection schedule for optimal maintenance.

Ps	lssue	Inspection Schedule	Maintenance Solut
-	Persistent ponding or standing water after 24 hours	 After a major rainfall (first 3 months) Beginning & end of wet season 	 Remove sediment underdrain and ch
e	Visible trash & debris	Beginning & end of wet seasonAfter a major rainfall	• Rake in and around of leaves and othe
	Visible sediment accumulation in filter bed or in inlets/outlets	Beginning & end of wet seasonAfter a major rainfall	Rake the hard surfactorial from the filter bedRemove any accur
	Erosion around inlets & areas with bare soil	Beginning & end of wet seasonAfter a major rainfall	 Remove obstruction to flow freely and one Add/replace veget
s	Vegetation looks unhealthy or is dead/dying	 Beginning and end of wet season (minimum) As needed to achieve healthy vegetation 	 Water plants until of distress or disea Cut and remove an plant material.
, _	Vegetation covers less than 90% of the area	Quarterly (minimum)Monthly	 Remove weeds an to achieve at least Maintain plants ac (trimming, mowing)
	Inlets/outlets appear deteriorated	- Annually	 Repair or replace of (i.e. inlets, outlets,



To determine if all the components of your BMP are functioning as they should, perform inspections for ponding or failure to drain during and immediately after a storm event.

Find a local O&M service provider for your Manufactured Treatment Device at at <u>http://bit.ly/O_M_Services_Oahu</u>

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ent or trash clogging the filter surface or check for over compaction.

und the system to clear inlets and outlets ther debris obstructing flow.

urface to remove excess sediment (>2 in.) ed and uncover buried vegetation.

cumulated sediment from inlets/outlets.

ctions and sediment to allow water ad disperse over a wide area.

getation in eroded areas.

til established. Inspect plants for signs sease.

e any dead/dying vegetation and decaying

and replace with intended plants ast 90% coverage.

according to specified guidelines ing, etc.).

e damaged structural parts ets, sidewalls).